Computer Associated Health Problems Among the computer users

M. Anitha, P. Mathivathani, DM. Monisha, K. Ramya, Silvia Antony Raj

Department of Microbiology, Shri Sathya Sai Medical College & Research Institute, Thiruporur, Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth University, Tamil Nadu, India.

*Corresponding author: E-Mail: animalar03@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

Modern technology revolution has made our lives with so much convenient that people would hardly imagine their lives without computer. Computers are one of the main tools in businesses, educational institutes, offices, homes and even in cars. On one hand, computers have made our lives more easier, but on the another hand have created many risks for human health. The negative risks associated with the usage of these technologies are increasing with their growing demand day by day.

In this study, a total of 200 computer users were chosen randomly from different fields. We have investigated usual complications through questionnaire form. Out of this, 160 were found to have the usual complications like Carpal tunnel syndrome, Computer vision syndrome, Musculo skeletal problems, Mental stress, Headache and Obesity and remaining 40 respondents were found to have no complaints.

Finally, we conclude that the use of computers could either be a boon or bane to humanity which completely depends on the users and the purpose of using. Outdoor activities, physical exercise and minimized usage of computers can be practised regularly. This might be help to reduce the complications for computer employees.

KEY WORDS: Complications, office Employees, computer operators, Health problems, 5 hours users.

1. INTRODUCTION

Computers have become an epitome of modern life, being used in every aspect of life which commence from calculating grocery bills, telecommunications, banking operations and for naming any sphere one will be finding gadgets. It has become an integral part of humanity. Usage of Internet technology, the information superhighway can acquire the knowledge of all the information anywhere in the world. It is accessible in a fraction of seconds by just with a click of mouse. India has been one of the forefront placeholders in cyber world with the major service provided by IT industry.

Some decades back, before the advent of the computers, the office work involved a wide range of activities, starting from typing, form filing, reading etc., and vision will not get affected because it brings a natural break from each of these activities. In the era of invent of computer, all these activities were done by the users without any change in the posture or vision by the influence of computer. It certainly improved the quality of the work and efficiency, but resulted in ocular problems, such as xerophthalmia, redness, irritation, watering of eyes due to prolonged straining, temporary blurred vision, light sensitivity and muscular problems that arises from using a computer.

The use of computer gadgets has emphatically become an important part of human life ranging from the use of computers for Business purpose, communication and acquiring information, education and entertainment, in-fact computers have become an integral part of humanity. But despite all its importance, computer has posed several negative impacts to humans, this has grabbed the attention among the researchers to do research into the possible effects of computer to the society whether positive or negative.

The worldwide trend is to use computers for longer periods every day, due to increased computer based tasks in their works as well as increased computer-based leisure activities. Static posture associated with computer work has been identified as a major occupational risk factor. Hazardous postures, such as wrist extension or radial or ulnar deviation can directly attribute to the use of improper office equipments and setup. Various ergonomic exposures working with computers can cause musculoskeletal diseases in different parts of the body including shoulders, neck, wrist and back.

The increasing use of personal computer at homes has become indigenous part of life. Nowadays the computers are easily accessible even in a middle class family. Not only banks and government offices but also private bodies, autonomous institutions and almost every organization has been computerized for smooth and faster flow of data and information. Computer vision syndrome is one of the most common complaints of people working with monitors. This problem is related with the eyes on vision.

This study is conducted for the purpose of assessing the work environment with computers and computer-related disorders among the computer users.

2. MATERIALS AND METHODS

The present study was conducted in Kancheepuram District. A purposive sample of 200 computer workers were chosen for the study. Questionnaires were administered personally by our researcher and some of these were administered by the computer workers in and around Thiruporur Taluk, during enrollment period, from January 2016.
to June 2016. Informed oral consent had been obtained from each and every respondents after which they were informed about the main purpose of the study.

Demographic questionnaire included questions about age, sex, height, weight, date of birth, level of education, profession, occupation, hours of time spent with computers, computer experience, working hours per week with computer, job rotation and the rate of rest were collected according to the OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration).

For this study, we carried-out data collection survey by using questionnaire. Usual complications like Carpal tunnel syndrome, Computer vision syndrome, Musculo skeletal problems, Mental stress, Headache and Obesity were included in the questionnaire. The prevalence of those complications were analyzed with the answers given by the computer workers who had the criteria of working on computers daily and continuously more than 5 hours were chosen for the study.

**Inclusion criteria:**
- Computer users working more than 5 hours per day continuously were included.
- 20 to 45 years of Office workers, computer operators, were included in this study.

**Exclusion criteria:**
- Computer users working less than 5 hours per day were excluded.
- Aged above 45 years or below 20 years and children were excluded from this study.

### 3. RESULTS

**Table 1. Prevalence and complications of computer users**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>Complications</th>
<th>Number Of Computer Users Affected</th>
<th>Percentage %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Carpal tunnel syndrome</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Computer vision syndrome</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>16.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Musculoskeletal problems</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Mental stress</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Headache</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Obesity</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>No complications</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The study was done on 200 randomly selected computer adult users for knowing different disorders arising due to long term use of computers. From the total of 200, 160 are been affected from various disorders (Carpal Tunnel Syndrome, Computer Vision Syndrome, Musculo skeletal Problems, Mental Stress, Headache, Obesity) and the rest 40 (20%) adults are lucky to deserve with no complications.

These 160 adults are affected to a variety of diseases are due to heat radiation emitted from the laptop which is on use, blue lights arising from the display of the laptop / computers, sedative lifestyle, and the tension arising due to the work to be completed in laptop. It showed that, amongst the 160, Carpal Tunnel Syndrome is at the peak level which is up to 40 adults equivalent to 20%. These 40 adults are affected by it due to increased pressure on the wrist, due to over term, continuous and one way of repeated actions done on the computers. This pressure is showed on the median nerve that causes Carpal Tunnel Syndrome. Computer Vision Syndrome is occurred amongst 33 adults that is 16.5%, due to repeatedly looking at the display of the computer which has an impact on the vision of the eye.

After this foremost disorder is Musculoskeletal Disorder caused due to the sedative type of lifestyle that has been adapted due to laptop and 28 adults (14%) are affected by it, these 28 adults have great and extreme pain in the muscles, cartilages, tendons which are related in use of it. Mental stress, due to the unbearable stress faced and insufficient sleep, is also an important sign observed in almost 24 adults approximately 12%.

Headache is due to the adults are in long term contact with the lights emitted by computer, which was around 20 users with 10%. Obesity is present within 15 adults equal to 7.5%. Obesity is due to the sedative life in which lack of basic day to day normal activities and normal, simple exercises. According to our investigation, sedative lifestyle can be ignored by simple exercises by using the laptop in standing position etc. as shown in Table 1.

Till now the whole 160 adults are affected and the leftover 40 users people are asymptomatic. So all the computer used based disorders have been arising now a days epidemically at a faster rate because of unlimited and discomfort way of using of computers. These defects can been maintained depending on the characteristic way of using and managing the urge of computer usage.

**DISCUSSION**

The computer is a powerful tool, which develops our knowledge by learning, communication and playing. Through this technology, we are being shaped in the search of computers and the Internet. The modern computer, a powerful device which enhances the development of social skills in today’s adult and even children.

Numerous studies identified the association between positive impacts of computer usage and negative outcomes such as increased depression, anxiety, loneliness, and self-admiration. If computer usage can be linked to
negative outcomes, then the researchers need to be devoted more attention towards understanding factors associated with negative outcomes.

In our study, a total of 200 computer users were analysed, from which 160 were presented with different complication like Carpal tunnel syndrome, Computer vision syndrome, Musculoskeletal problems, Mental stress, Headache and Obesity but remaining 40 respondents had no complications.

In this study, Majority of the respondents had intense pain in wrist. Narayana (1999), stated that there were usual health risks associated with spending too much time in front of computer. Typical problems included eye strain and more dangerous problems such as carpal tunnel syndrome and diseases associated with the scope for psychological malfunctioning also affected on the health horizon of individuals.

Similarly, Sheady (1999), reported that 50-90% of computer users experienced the symptoms of computer vision syndrome. Computer vision syndrome is a serious problem associated with computer usage and about three-quarter of computer users were suffering.

Several studies have also shown that about 75 percent of computer users experience visual problems. Computer vision syndrome is a collection of symptoms that occurs when working with computers, the most important of which are: eye pain, itching and redness of the eye, dryness in eye, blurred vision, diplopia, headache and other related symptoms such as pain in neck, backache. Eye fatigue includes extensive symptoms such as headache, aversion to proceeding, eye pain etc.

Bergqvist (2009), in a study that paid in assessment of musculoskeletal disorders in bank computer users Concluded that most of the musculoskeletal disorders developed in the region of neck and shoulder, which were consistent with the findings of the present study. In this study, Headache was also another common problem. In which18% of respondents reported muscular fatigue and felt discomfort while working in computers, while 15%percent felt mental stress after their computer work.

Another study published in 2002 by researchers of Dutch TNO Research Institute (Blatter and Bongers) found that working with a computer more than 6 hours per day was associated with musculoskeletal symptoms in all body regions.

These findings were similar to the result of Hill (1998), reported that using the computer, and are believed to be an important environmental factor contributing to the fact that 25% of children in the United States are overweight or obese.

The present findings provide significant clinical and public health implications. Based on these results, we recommend the computer users to limit their uses based on their purpose.

4. CONCLUSION

Todays, the usage of computers in working environments has been increased dramatically. The reason for the high prevalence of carpal tunnel syndrome, Musculoskeletal problems, Mental stress, Headache, Obesity can be related to the repeated activity in each region, high force exertion, long term involvement of works, playing games and seated in same places. The most commonly reported symptoms were elbow pain, arm pain, shoulder pain, neck pain and visual discomfort.

Outdoor activities and physical exercise can be practised regularly which helps in reducing the complications for the future generation of computer users. Moreover minimizing the use of computer will be useful and in treating these complications are possible.

This study demonstrated that the use of computers has posed many threats to human health. Finally, we conclude that the use of computers could either impact negatively or positively to humanity based on the users and the purpose of using.

5. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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